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STEADY FLOW ANALYSIS AND MODELING OF THE GAS DISTRIBUTION NETWORK USING THE ELECTRICAL ANALOGY (RESEARCH NOTE)

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Abstract The mathematical modeling of a gas network is a powerful tool in order to identify the behavior of system under the different conditions. The modeling can be performed both for the steady state and unsteady state conditions. It is possible to use the fluid flow basic governing equations or the electrical analogy concept for developing the model. The second approach provides a simpler and more robust model, especially in large networks with different and numerous components. In this study this approach has been used for studying the steady state behavior of a sample gas distribution network. The model is verified by comparing its results with some existing experimental and numerical data. The comparison shows a very good agreement between the two results.

Keywords Natural Gas Transmission and Distribution Network Modeling, Steady State Analysis, Electrical Analogy, electrical element, Pipeline Resistance Model

چكيده مدلسازي رياضي شبكه گاز، ابزاري قدرتمند به منظور شناخت رفتار سيستم در شرايط مختلف مي باشد. اين مدلسازي مي تواند در دو حالت پايا و ناپايا انجام پذيرد. به منظور توسعه مدل مناسب، مي توان از معادلات پايه حاكم بر جريان سيال و يا از مفهوم تشابه الكتريكي استفاده نمود. ديدگاه دوم در مدلسازي، شرايط به مراتب ساده تري را به مخصوص در مواجهه با شبكه هاي بزرگ با اجزاء فراوان فراهم مي كند. در اين مقاله، مدلسازي رفتار پاياي شبكه توزيع گاز با استفاده از نگرش تشابه الكتريكي صورت گرفته است. همچنين نتايج اين مدلسازي با نتايج برخي كارهاي موجود تجربي و عددي مقايسه شده است. مقايسه صورت گرفته توافق خوبي را بين نتايج نشان مي دهد.

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